

# **NEWS RELEASE**



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# Occupational Employment and Wages in Hattiesburg - May 2014

Workers in the Hattiesburg Metropolitan Statistical Area had an average (mean) hourly wage of \$16.95 in May 2014, about 25 percent below the nationwide average of \$22.71, according to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Regional Commissioner Janet S. Rankin noted that, after testing for statistical significance, no wages in the local area were higher than their respective national averages in 22 major occupational groups. Twenty one groups had significantly lower wages than their respective national averages, including management; sales and related; and construction and extraction.

When compared to the nationwide distribution, local employment was more highly concentrated in 4 of the 22 occupational groups, including healthcare practitioners and technical; and food preparation and serving related. Conversely, nine groups had employment shares significantly below their national representation, including business and financial operations; personal care and service; and management. (See <u>table A</u> and <u>box note</u> at end of release.)

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the Hattiesburg Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2014

	Percent of total employment		Mean hourly wage		
Major occupational group	United States	Hattiesburg	United States	Hattiesburg	Percent difference (1)
Total, all occupations	100.0%	100.0%	\$22.71	\$16.95*	-25
Management	5.0	4.4*	54.08	36.19*	-33
Business and financial operations	5.1	2.1*	34.81	25.07*	-28
Computer and mathematical	2.8	0.7*	40.37	26.96*	-33
Architecture and engineering	1.8	0.7*	39.19	30.10*	-23
Life, physical, and social science	0.8	0.4*	33.69	23.81*	-29
Community and social services	1.4	1.0*	21.79	18.07*	-17
Legal	0.8	0.4*	48.61	33.08*	-32
Education, training, and library	6.2	7.4	25.10	19.63*	-22
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	1.3	0.6*	26.82	22.68*	-15
Healthcare practitioner and technical	5.8	9.7*	36.54	31.62*	-13
Healthcare support	2.9	3.2	13.86	10.74*	-23
Protective service	2.4	2.5	21.14	13.82*	-35
Food preparation and serving related	9.1	12.6*	10.57	9.29*	-12
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	3.2	3.0	12.68	10.03*	-21
Personal care and service	3.1	2.2*	12.01	9.90*	-18
Sales and related	10.5	12.1*	18.59	12.60*	-32
Office and administrative support	16.0	16.4	17.08	13.87*	-19

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the Hattiesburg Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2014 - Continued

	Percent of total employment		Mean hourly wage		
Major occupational group	United States	Hattiesburg	United States	Hattiesburg	Percent difference (1)
Farming, fishing, and forestry	0.3	0.3	12.09	14.13	17
Construction and extraction	3.9	3.8	22.40	16.66*	-26
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.9	4.7*	21.74	18.34*	-16
Production	6.6	5.5	17.06	14.71*	-14
Transportation and material moving	6.8	6.4	16.57	13.34*	-19

<sup>(1)</sup> A positive percent difference measures how much the mean wage in Hattiesburg is above the national mean wage, while a negative difference reflects a lower wage.

One occupational group—food preparation and serving related—was chosen to illustrate the diversity of data available for any of the 22 major occupational categories. Hattiesburg had 7,080 jobs in food preparation and serving related, accounting for 12.6 percent of local area employment, significantly higher than the 9.1-percent share nationally. The average hourly wage for this occupational group locally was \$9.29, significantly below the national wage of \$10.57.

Some of the largest detailed occupations within the food preparation and serving related group included waiters and waitresses (1,200), combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food (920), and food preparation workers (900). Among the higher paying jobs were first-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers, and restaurant cooks, with mean hourly wages of \$12.62 and \$9.70, respectively. At the lower end of the wage scale were combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food (\$8.24) and cafeteria, food concession, and coffee shop counter attendants (\$8.33). (Detailed occupational data for food preparation and serving related are presented in table 1; for a complete listing of detailed occupations available go to <a href="https://www.bls.gov/oes/2014/may/oes-25620.htm">www.bls.gov/oes/2014/may/oes-25620.htm</a>.)

Location quotients allow us to explore the occupational make-up of a metropolitan area by comparing the composition of jobs in an area relative to the national average. (See <u>table 1</u>.) For example, a location quotient of 2.0 indicates that an occupation accounts for twice the share of employment in the area than it does nationally. In the Hattiesburg Metropolitan Statistical Area, above-average concentrations of employment were found in many of the occupations within the food preparation and serving related group. For instance, fast food cooks were employed at 3.2 times the national rate in Hattiesburg, and first-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers, at 2.1 times the U.S. average. On the other hand, waiters and waitresses had a location quotient of 1.2 in Hattiesburg, indicating that this particular occupation's local and national employment shares were similar.

These statistics are from the Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey, a federal-state cooperative program between BLS and State Workforce Agencies, in this case, the Mississippi Department of Employment Security.

<sup>\*</sup> The percent share of employment or mean hourly wage for this area is significantly different from the national average of all areas at the 90-percent confidence level.

#### Note

A value that is statistically different from another does not necessarily mean that the difference has economic or practical significance. Statistical significance is concerned with the ability to make confident statements about a universe based on a sample. It is entirely possible that a large difference between two values is not significantly different statistically, while a small difference is, since both the size and heterogeneity of the sample affect the relative error of the data being tested.

#### **Technical Note**

The Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey is a semiannual mail survey measuring occupational employment and wage rates for wage and salary workers in nonfarm establishments in the United States. Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands are also surveyed, but their data are not included in the national estimates. OES estimates are constructed from a sample of about 1.2 million establishments. Forms are mailed to approximately 200,000 sampled establishments in May and November each year. May 2014 estimates are based on responses from six semiannual panels collected over a 3-year period: May 2014, November 2013, May 2013, November 2012, May 2012, and November 2011. The overall national response rate for the six panels is 74.3 percent based on establishments and 70.5 percent based on weighted sampled employment. The unweighted employment of sampled establishments across all six semiannual panels represents approximately 57.1 percent of total national employment. (Response rates are slightly lower for these estimates due to the federal shutdown in October 2013.) The sample in the Hattiesburg Metropolitan Statistical Area included 890 establishments with a response rate of 74 percent. For more information about OES concepts and methodology, go to www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.tn.htm.

The OES survey provides estimates of employment and hourly and annual wages for wage and salary workers in 22 major occupational groups and 821 detailed occupations for the nation, states, metropolitan statistical areas, metropolitan divisions, and nonmetropolitan areas. In addition, employment and wage estimates for 94 minor groups and 458 broad occupations are available in the national data. OES data by state and metropolitan/nonmetropolitan area are available from <a href="www.bls.gov/oes/current/oessrcst.htm">www.bls.gov/oes/current/oessrcst.htm</a> and www.bls.gov/oes/current/oessrcma.htm, respectively.

The May 2014 OES estimates are based on the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and the 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Information about the 2010 SOC is available on the BLS website at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/soc">www.bls.gov/soc</a> and information about the 2012 NAICS is available at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/bls/naics.htm">www.bls.gov/bls/naics.htm</a>.

### Area definitions

The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget.

The Hattiesburg, Miss. Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Forrest, Lamar, and Perry Counties.

## **Additional information**

OES data are available on our regional web page at <a href="www.bls.gov/regions/southeast">www.bls.gov/regions/southeast</a>. Answers to frequently asked questions about the OES data are available at <a href="www.bls.gov/oes/oes\_ques.htm">www.bls.gov/oes/oes\_ques.htm</a>. Detailed technical information about the OES survey is available in our Survey Methods and Reliability Statement on the BLS website at <a href="www.bls.gov/oes/2014/may/methods">www.bls.gov/oes/2014/may/methods</a> statement.pdf.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request . Voice phone: 202-691-5200; Federal Relay Service: 800-877-8339.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Hattiesburg Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2014

	Emplo	yment	Mean wages	
Occupation (1)	Level (2)	Location quotient <sup>(3)</sup>	Hourly	Annual <sup>(4)</sup>
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	7,080	1.4	\$9.29	\$19,330
Chefs and Head Cooks	120	2.5	16.03	33,340
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	740	2.1	12.62	26,250
Cooks, Fast Food	690	3.2	8.53	17,750
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	390	2.3	8.85	18,400
Cooks, Restaurant	760	1.6	9.70	20,170
Cooks, Short Order	(5)	(5)	8.16	16,960
Food Preparation Workers	900	2.5	8.91	18,540
Bartenders	100	0.4	10.01	20,810
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast				
Food	920	0.7	8.24	17,150
Counter Attendants, Cafeteria, Food Concession, and Coffee Shop	680	3.4	8.33	17,330
Waiters and Waitresses	1,200	1.2	8.69	18,080
Food Servers, Nonrestaurant	130	1.3	9.59	19,950
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	(5)	(5)	8.14	16,940
Dishwashers	150	0.7	8.44	17,550
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	180	1.2	8.79	18,290

<sup>(1)</sup> For a complete listing of all detailed occupations in Hattiesburg, MS, see www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes\_25620.htm

<sup>(2)</sup> Estimates for detailed occupations do not sum to the totals because the totals include occupations not shown separately. Estimates do not include self-employed workers.

<sup>(3)</sup> The location quotient is the ratio of the area concentration of occupational employment to the national average concentration. A location quotient greater than one indicates the occupation has a higher share of employment than average, and a location quotient less than one indicates the occupation is less prevalent in the area than average.

<sup>(4)</sup> Annual wages have been calculated by multiplying the hourly mean wage by a 'year-round, full-time' hours figure of 2,080 hours; for those occupations where there is not an hourly mean wage published, the annual wage has been directly calculated from the reported survey data.

<sup>(5)</sup> Estimate not released.